perimental work using Mo $K\alpha$ radiation to reduce the large absorption corrections involved in our work with Cu $K\alpha$ radiation.

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Diffuse scattering of sericite. By MITSUOKI NAKAHIRA, Scientific Research Institute, Kamifuji-Mae, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, Japan and Shinichi Iwai, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Japan

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Sericite is a mineral of the mica group, the structure of which is said to be of the muscovite type. As it always occurs in a powder state in nature, only the X-ray powder method has been used for the study of its crystal structure. Recently, however, we have obtained X-ray fibre diagrams of various Japanese sericites by passing the X-rays parallel to thin films formed by drying water suspensions of these minerals. These diagrams correspond to rotation photographs obtained by rotating a single crystal about the normal to the a b plane.

With many sericites it was observed that considerable diffuse scattering took place along the innermost row lines (with indices (11l), (02l)) and other similar row lines with $k \neq 3n$ (where *n* is integer), while those with k = 3n were relatively sharp. These effects indicate that in sericite, as in many other clay minerals, there is considerable random displacement of layers by multiples of $\frac{1}{3}b$ parallel to the *b* axis.

Using many Japanese sericites, we have found a wide range of variation in the degree of disorder, as shown in the following scheme:



Details will be reported in the near future.

Notes and News

Announcements and other items of crystallographic interest will be published under this heading at the discretion of the Editorial Board. Copy should be sent direct to the British Co-editor (R. C. Evans, Crystallographic Laboratory, Cavendish Laboratory, Cambridge, England).

International Tables for X-ray Crystallography

Volume 1 (Symmetry Groups) of the above Tables, published for the International Union of Crystallography, is now ready. The text and tables (in English) have been planned to be of the maximum practical usefulness in the determination of crystal structures and in allied problems, but their value for teaching purposes has also been kept in mind. The price is 105 shillings inclusive of postage and packing; cloth binding, 558+xpages, 237 figs. with dictionary in English, French, German, Russian and Spanish. A detailed prospectus may be had from the Kynoch Press, Witton, Birmingham 6, England.

Bona fide crystallographers who are members of the X-ray Analysis Group or of the American Crystallographic Association, or of certain other societies, may obtain one copy *for their personal use only* at the subscription price of 60 shillings, post free, by using a special order form also available from the Kynoch Press. Off-prints from Volume 1 are available, in sets of 100 only, for teaching purposes. Each complete set costs $\pounds 16$ sterling, post free, and contains 100 copies of each of the following off-prints (together with 100 copies of the prospectus):

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6. Patterson and Patterson-Harker functions, and transformation of co-ordinates (14 pp.).

7. Notes on special topics (sub- and super-groups, statistical methods, inequalities) and index of symbols (18 pp.).

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